

Alaska Department of Corrections

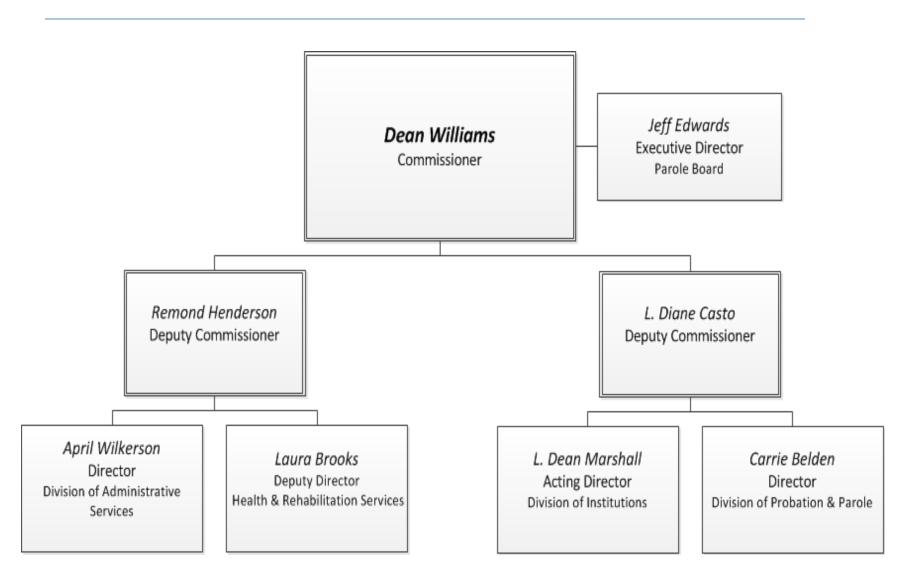


FY2017 Department Overview House Finance Sub-Committee January 29, 2016

Mission

The Alaska Department of Corrections enhances the safety of our communities. We provide secure confinement, reformative programs, and a process of supervised community reintegration.

Organizational Structure



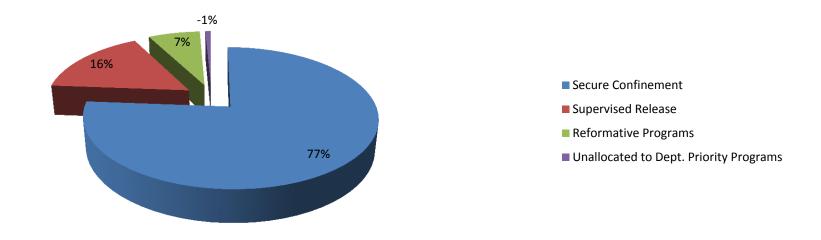
DOC at a Glance

- Alaska is one of six states in the nation that operates a unified correctional system (Alaska, Connecticut, Delaware, Hawaii, Rhode Island, and Vermont)
- In FY2015, DOC booked 36,066 offenders into its facilities
 - 3,557 were non-criminal Title 47 bookings
 - (an increase of 5.4% over last year)
 - 21,705 were unique offenders
- As of June 30, 2015 6,044 offenders are in a prison, community residential center (CRC) or on electronic monitoring (EM)
- As of June 30, 2015 5,650 offenders are on probation or parole

DOC at a Glance

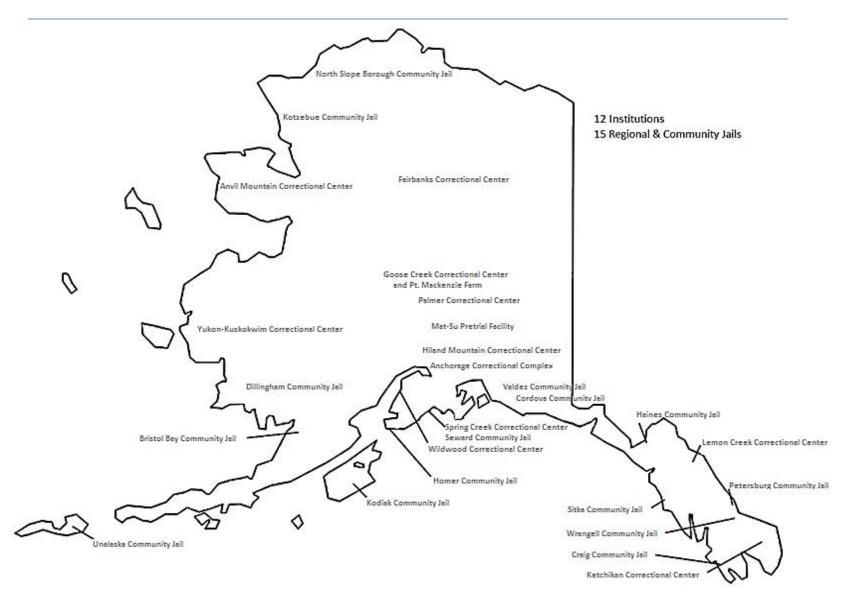
- Twelve facilities statewide with a total capacity of 5,352 beds
 - Includes 128 beds located at Point Mackenzie Correctional Farm
- Thirteen field probation offices statewide
- Eight contract CRCs with a capacity of 819 beds
- EM operates in six communities with a capacity of 450 *EM available through each Regional & Community Jail contracts
- Fifteen regional and community jail contracts with a total capacity of 157 beds
- Reformative Programming

Operating Budget Request by Core Services

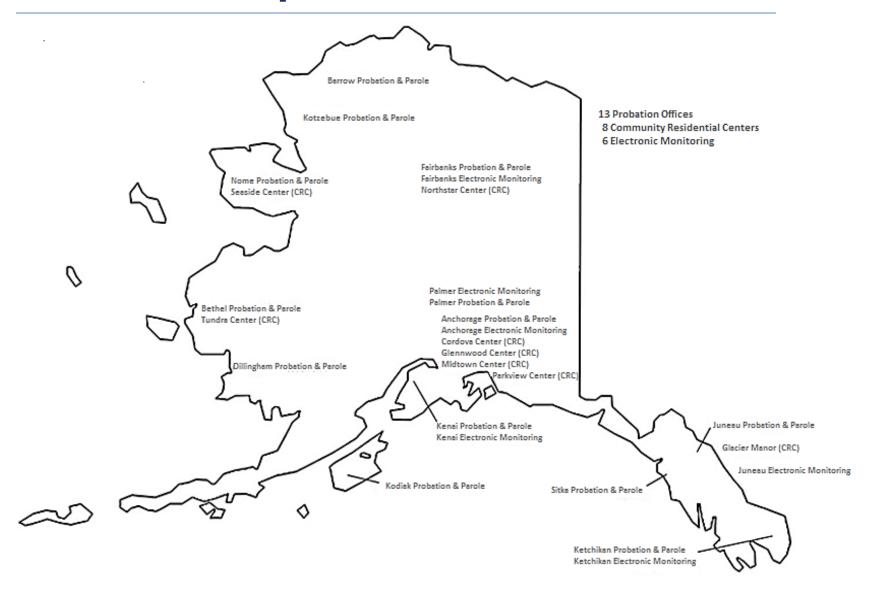


Total	\$317,000.2	1,871
Unallocated to Dept. Priority Programs	(\$2,450.1)	0
Supervised Release	\$51,842.2	205
Reformative Programs	\$22,296.3	91
Secure Confinement	\$245,311.8	1,575
Department of Corrections Core Services Allocations	Amount	PFT

Secure Confinement



Supervised Release



Office of the Commissioner

- Commissioner Office
- Training Academy
- Recidivism Reduction
- Offender Re-Entry

TOTAL	\$ 3,168.6
UGF	\$ 3,168.6
DGF	\$ 0.0
Other	\$ 0.0
Federal	\$ 0.0

Budgeted Positions	14
PFT	14
PPT	0
Non Perm	0

Division of Institutions

- Inmate Classification & Furlough
- Inmate Transportation Unit
- 12 Correctional Centers
- Return to Point of Arrest
- Education / Vocational Education Programs
- Regional and Community Jails

TOTAL	\$ 212,271.9
UGF	\$ 191,409.6
DGF	\$ 2,477.8
Other	\$ 13,153.4
Federal	\$ 5,231.1

Budgeted Positions	1,404
PFT	1,404
PPT	0
Non Perm	0

Division of Health and Rehabilitation

- Physical Health Care
- Behavioral Health Care
- Substance Abuse
- Sex Offender Management Program
- Domestic Violence

TOTAL	\$ 47,200.8
UGF	\$ 26,054.8
DGF	\$ 20,321.9
Other	\$ 759.1
Federal	\$ 65.0

Budgeted Positions	210
PFT	210
PPT	0
Non Perm	0

Division of Probation and Parole

- Statewide Probation and Parole covering 13 regional locations
- Probation Accountability with Certain Enforcement (PACE)
- Pre-sentencing Unit
- Inter-state Compact
- Electronic Monitoring within 6 locations
- Community Residential Centers within 5 locations

TOTAL	\$ 47,243.7
UGF	\$ 43,275.4
DGF	\$ 3,894.7
Other	\$ 23.6
Federal	\$ 50.0

Budgeted Positions	176
PFT	176
PPT	0
Non Perm	0

Board of Parole

Parole Board

- Discretionary
- Mandatory
- Special Medical
- Clemency Investigations

* The Parole Board consists of 6 budgeted positions and 5 Governor appointed board members

TOTAL	\$ 1,019.4
UGF	\$ 1,017.5
DGF	\$ 0.0
Other	\$ 1.9
Federal	\$ 0.0

Budgeted Positions	6
PFT	6
PPT	0
Non Perm	0

Division of Administrative Services

- Budget and Finance
 - Inmate Banking and Auditing
- Human Resources
 - Alaska Police Standard Council Certification
 - Employee Background Investigations
- Procurement
 - Ignition Interlock Certification
- Information Technology
 - Alaska Corrections Offender Management System (ACOMS)
- Research and Records
 - Data Integrity
 - PFD Eligibility
- Facilities Capital Unit
 - OSHA Compliance

TOTAL	\$ 8,545.9
UGF	\$ 7,857.3
DGF	\$ 0.0
Other	\$ 539.8
Federal	\$ 148.8

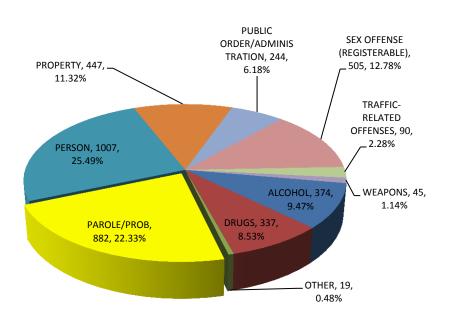
Budgeted Positions	61
PFT	61
PPT	0
Non Perm	0

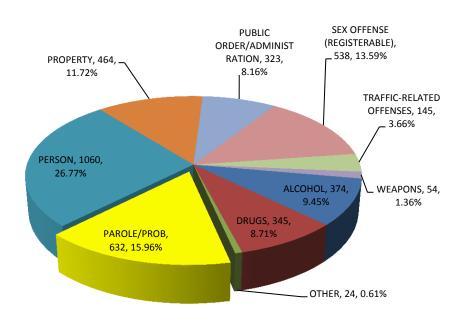
Change in Sentenced Offender Population by Offense Class: 2013 – 2015

From September, 2013 to September, 2015 the only major offense class to see a reduction in offender population was Probation/Parole Violations

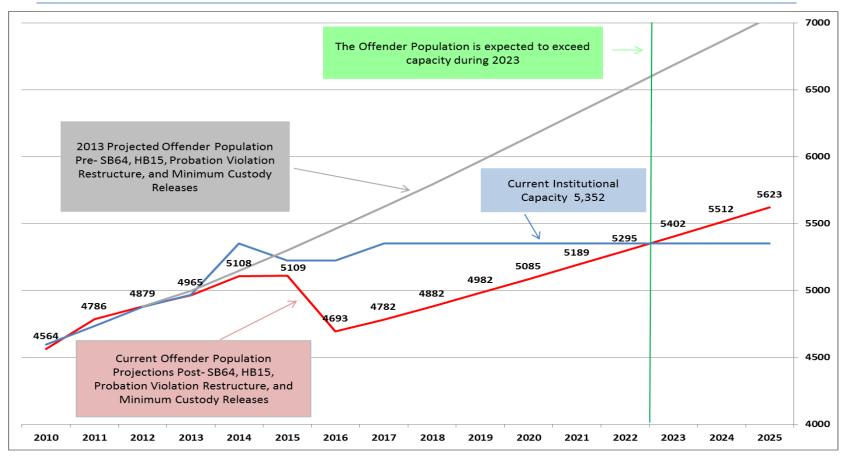
Offender Population by Offense Class in September of 2013

Offender Population by Offense Class in September of 2015





Institutional Offender Population 2010 – 2025



Prison population is estimated to grow at an average of 1.02% annually for the next 5 years.

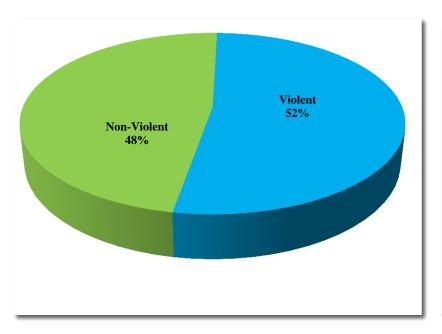
*Figures based on the adjusted average annual population

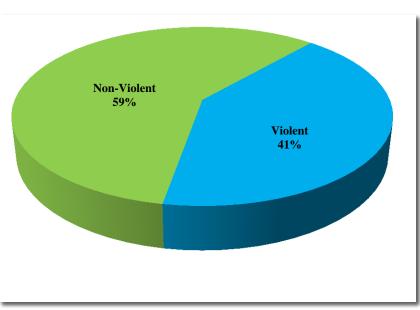
Note: The 2013 projections estimated the offender population would exceed capacity in 2015. Last year, DOC projected the population would exceed capacity in 2017. This year – due to the fruition of several organized efforts – the population is not expected to exceed capacity until 2023.

Standing Population & Crime Type

As of June 30, 2002

As of June 30, 2015

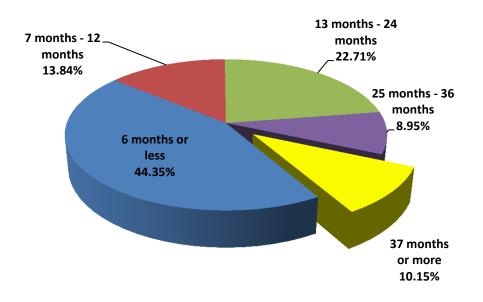




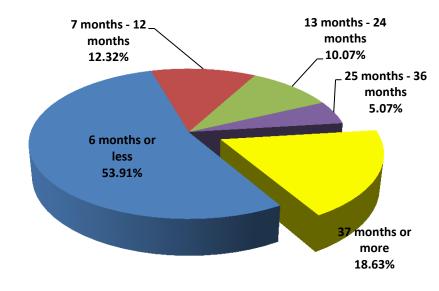
^{*} Violent Crimes include all crimes against a person and also includes registerable sex offenses.

Percent of Offenders by Length of Stay from Admission

As of June 30, 2002

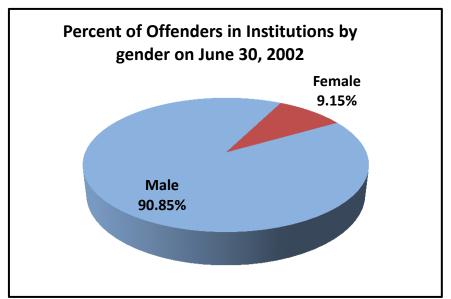


As of June 30, 2015



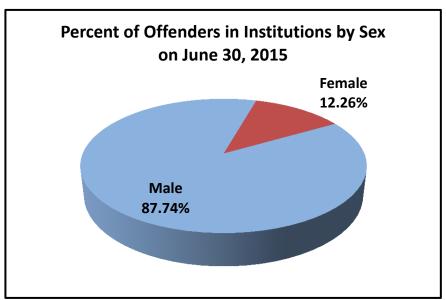
Percent of Incarcerated Offenders by Gender

As of June 30, 2002

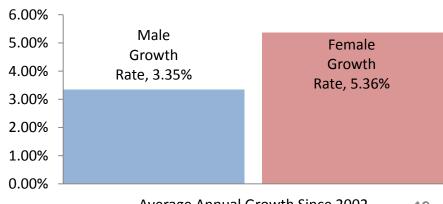


In 2002, Female offenders made up less than 10% of the total offender population held in institutions. In 2015 female offenders made up more than 12%. Since 2002 the female population growth rate is nearly double the male population growth rate making females one of the highest growing populations in Corrections.

As of June 30, 2015



Offender Growth Rate Since 2002 by Sex



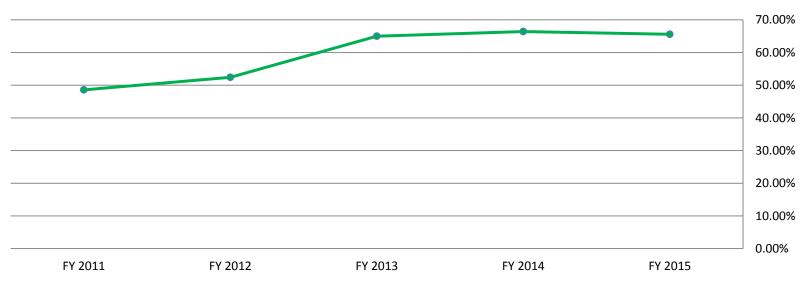
Goals

- Protect the public
- Provide safe and secure care and custody
- Reduce the prison population
- Reduce recidivism
- Ensure that incarcerated offenders spend their time in custody productively
- Re-Entry and Community Supervision
- Work collaboratively with outside stakeholders to achieve these goals

Re-Entry Outcomes

Successfully increasing the percent of probationers and parolees who satisfy court ordered conditions of release

Percentage of Probationers and Parolees Who Successfully Satisfy Court Ordered Conditions of Release

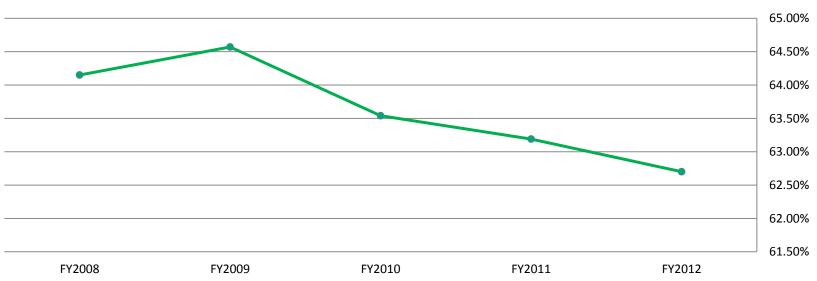


Fiscal Year	Offenders Discharged	Successful Discharges	Percentage Successful
FY 2015	1,706	1,119	65.59%
FY 2014	1,575	1,046	66.41%
FY 2013	1,658	1,078	65.01%
FY 2012	2,007	1,052	52.41%
FY 2011	1,820	884	48.57%

Re-Entry Outcomes

Reducing criminal recidivism

Offenders Returning to Incarceration Within 3 Years of Release



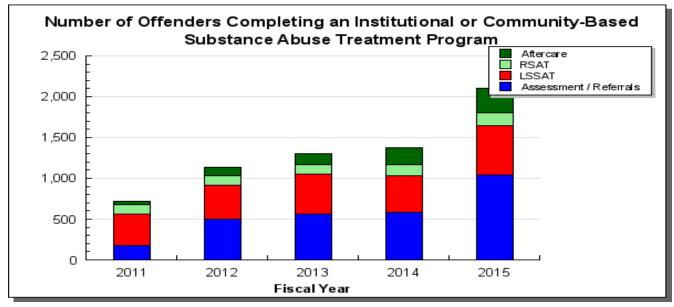
Offenders Returning to Incarceration Within 3 Years of Release

Fiscal Year	Offenders Discharged	Offenders Returned	Percent Returning
FY2012	3,657	2,293	62.70%
FY2011	3,315	2,095	63.19%
FY2010	3,700	2,351	63.54%
FY2009	3,944	2,485	64.57%
FY2008	3,964	2,543	64.15%

Recidivism is defined as any person convicted of a felony offense who is incarcerated as a result of a new sentence, parole or probation revocation within three years

Reformative Outcomes

Increasing the number of individuals who complete an institutional or community-based substance abuse treatment program.



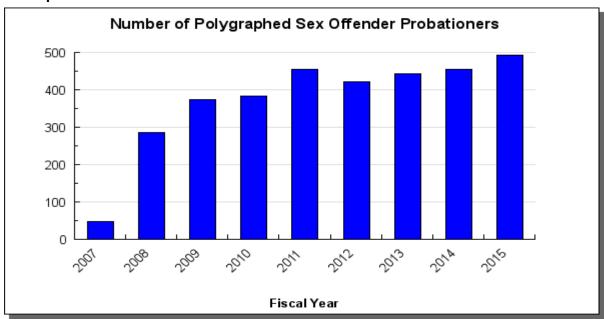
Methodology: Information tracked and reported through the Offender Program Manager

Number of Offenders Completing an Institutional or Community-Based Substance Abuse Treatment Program

Fiscal Year	Assessment / Referrals	LSSAT	RSAT	Aftercare
FY 2015	1,046	601	152	301
FY 2014	583	444	135	214
FY 2013	567	482	119	133
FY 2012	501	420	110	106
FY 2011	180	386	111	42

Reformative Outcomes

Increasing the number of sex offender probationers who complete a sex offender management program and who receive polygraph testing while on probation.

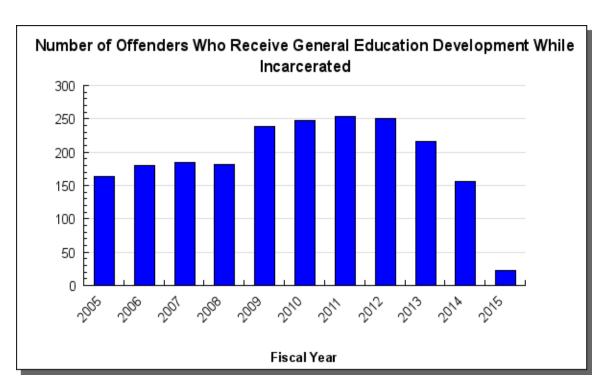


YTD Total
494
454
442
421
454
383
373
286
48

Methodology: Information tracked and reported through the Offender Program Manager

Reformative Outcomes

Increasing the number of offenders who receive a General Education Development certificate while incarcerated.



Fiscal Year	Total	% Change
FY 2015	23	-85%
FY 2014	156	-27%
FY 2013	216	-14%
FY 2012	251	-1.20%
FY 2011	254	2.80%
FY 2010	247	3.40%
FY 2009	239	31.30%
FY 2008	182	-1.60%
FY 2007	185	2.80%
FY 2006	180	9.80%
FY 2005	164	14.70%

Converted to an electronic testing system January 2014.

There have been 29 offenders who have received a GED during FY2016 through December 31, 2016.

Challenges and Issues

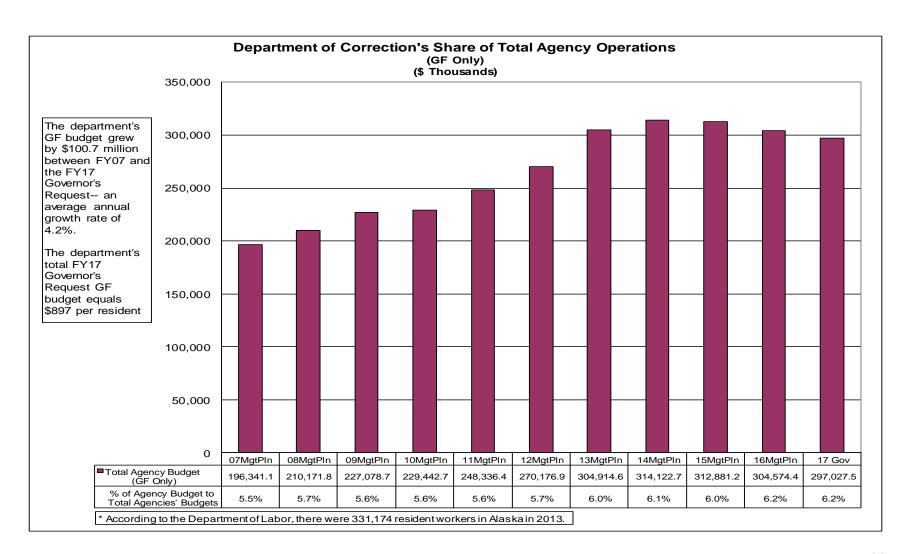
- Meet 24/7 operational needs while striving to remain within fiscal parameters
- Connect soon to be released offenders to community-based resources
- Female population growth
- Increasing mentally ill population

Challenges and Issues (Continued)

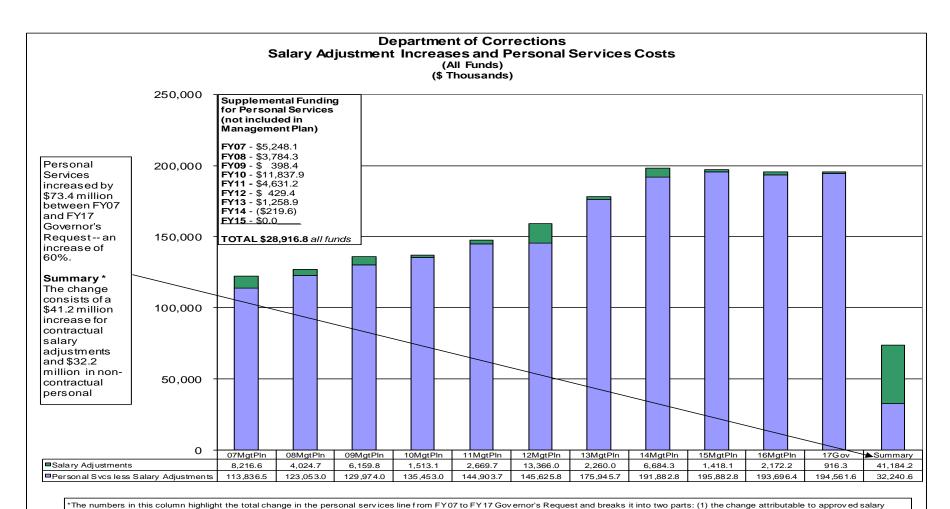
 Anchorage medical care costs have increased by another 3.2% from 2014 to 2015. Alaska medical care costs increased .8% more than the U.S. National average of 2.4%. (Alaska Economic Trends, July 2015)

 Increases in chronic health issues and an aging inmate population continue to increase the need for higher acuity and specialized medical care

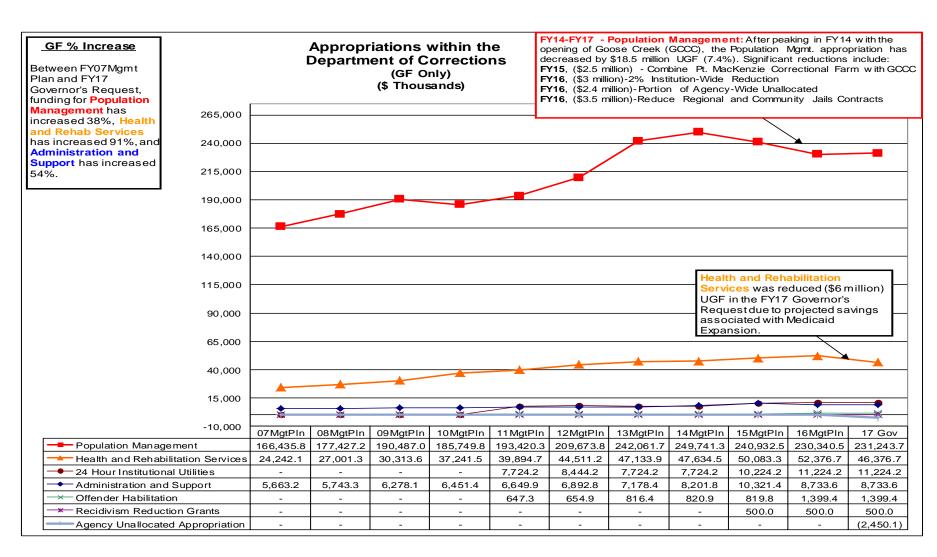
Department of Corrections FY2017 GF % of all Agencies



Department of Corrections FY2017 Salary Adjustment Increases and Personal Services Costs



Department of Corrections FY2017 GF Appropriated



All Funds% Increase

Between FY07Mgmt Plan and FY17 Governor's Request, funding for Population Management (all funds) has increased 36%, Health and Rehab Services has increased 92%, and Administration and Support has increased 54%.

Appropriations within the Department of Corrections (All Funds) (\$ Thousands)

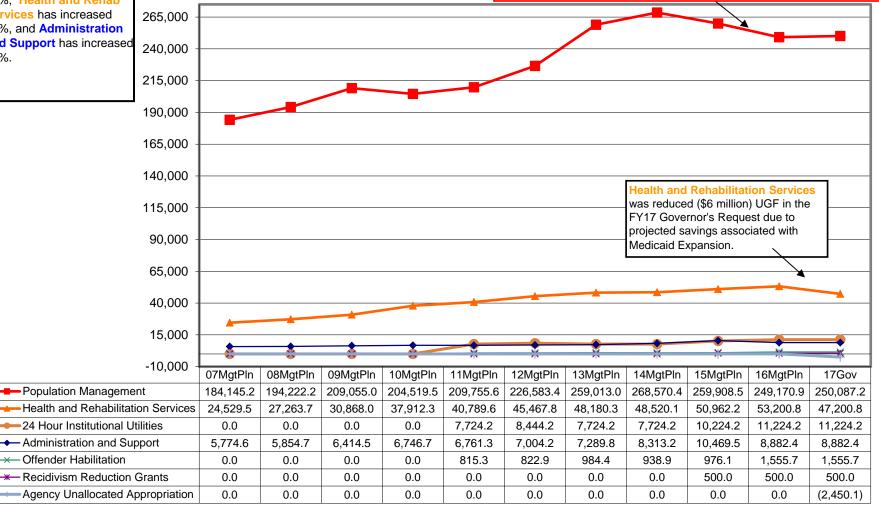
FY14-FY17 - Population Management After peaking in FY14 with the opening of Goose Creek (GCCC), the Population Management appropriation has decreased by \$18.5 million UGF (7.4%). Some of the significant reductions include:

FY15, (\$2.5 million)-Combine Pt. MacKenzie Correctional Farm with GCCC

FY16, (\$3 million) - 2% Institution-Wide Reduction

FY16, (\$2.4 million) - Portion of Agency-Wide Unallocated

FY16, (\$3.5 million) - Reduce Regional and Community Jails Contracts





Alaska Department of Corrections



Thank You

Questions?